

The Weather.
Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:
Kentucky—Fair and warmer Tuesday;
Wednesday showers and thunderstorms.
Indiana—Warmer Tuesday, with rain in
north, fair in south portion; Wednesday
showers; fresh southeast winds.
Tennessee—Fair Tuesday; Wednesday
fair, except showers and thunderstorms in
great portion.

THE LATEST.
The testimony of the defense in the
Harris case at Lexington has been
closed, and the Commonwealth has
begun the introduction of rebuttal tes-
timony. The accused was put on the
stand and made an important state-
ment, which the next witness con-
tradicted. Alex. Hargis denied any con-
nection whatever with the Cockrell or
Marcum murders. The contempt rule
against Breck Combs was dismissed.

The New Seelbach Hotel, at Fourth
avenue and Walnut street, was thrown
open to the public for inspection yes-
terday, and many thousands took their
first view of the magnificent interior.
Much had been promised by the pro-
moters and in its completed form all
promises were realized. It is the peer
of any in the country.

The monthly statement of the public
debt shows that it increased \$5,933,384
during April. There was also a deficit
in receipts, as compared with expendi-
tures, of \$9,211,419 for the month. The
circulation statement shows there was
an increase for the year of \$44,164,372
in national bank notes.

Henry W. Miller, indicted January
21 by the Federal grand jury for con-
spiracy to defraud the Government out
of a portion of its public lands, has
pleaded guilty to the offense in the
United States District Court at Port-
land, Ore.

The jury to try John Hoch for wife
murder was completed yesterday. The
prisoner expressed himself as pleased
with it. The taking of testimony in
the case was begun, the first witness
called being a former landlady of the
prisoner.

Charles Parpee, a French machinist,
who attempted to kidnap a one-year-old
child at Columbus, O., was roughly han-
dled by a mob which pursued him and
recovered the child. The motive for
the attempted kidnapping is a mystery.

A reward of \$1,000 has been offered
for the arrest of Henry G. Goll, former
assistant cashier of the First Na-
tional Bank of Milwaukee, who was
implicated in the confession of Bigelow,
the defaulting president.

L. Litman, a Louisville traveling
salesman, who was arrested at To-
ledo, O., charged with defrauding a
hotel, was sentenced to the workhouse
for ninety days and fined the costs of
the case against him.

May Day passed off quietly through-
out Australia. In Vienna 30,000 were
paraded without disorder. There were
the customary meetings of Socialists.
The day passed throughout Italy with-
out notable incident.

A report was in circulation yesterday
in Washington that Postmaster Gen-
eral Cortelyou had been agreed upon
for president of the Equitable Life As-
surance Company. The report was de-
nied in New York.

Assistant Secretary of State Loomis
is quoted as saying that President
Roosevelt will personally investigate
the stories regarding his alleged im-
proper actions while Minister to Vene-
zuela.

Franklin Havens, secretary of the
Board of Fire Insurance Underwriters
at Albany, N. Y., was shot and killed
yesterday by Miss Julia Craver, a clerk
in his office, who says the killing was
accidental.

The Santa Fe railway officials report
that all damage to their roadbed re-
sulting from the floods in Arizona and
New Mexico have been repaired, and
the line is now open.

The Argentine Congress opened its
session yesterday with the usual im-
pressive ceremonies. The President's
message disclosed an unusual condition
of prosperity.

Nearly 200 delegates have arrived in
Detroit to attend the annual conven-
tion of the Amalgamated Association of
Iron, Steel and Tin Workers.

Geleb Powers will be taken to
Coelestown this morning to be present
in court when steps are taken to set
a date for his next trial.

One Mexican Major was killed and
many soldiers wounded in an encounter
between Mexican troops and Yaqui In-
dians in Mexico.

Ignace Federewski, who has been
suffering from nervous shock, has so
far recovered that he has left Boston
for New York.

Dr. Charles B. Ames, a member of
a prominent Florida family, committed
suicide in Louisville yesterday by taking
morphine.

The new San Pedro, Los Angeles and
Salt Lake railway was yesterday for-
mally opened to through traffic.

Dr. Ritter von Wittke, the Austrian
Minister for Railways, has resigned.

WORKMEN SHOT DOWN IN STREETS OF WARSAW

Nearly 100 Persons Killed
or Wounded

SOLDIERS THREW
TEAR-GAS OR BLOOD

And Violate All Orders to
Act With Moderation.

GREAT INDIGNATION CAUSED

AND BOMBS RESORTED TO IN
RETALIATION.

SIMILAR TROUBLE IN LODZ.

Bloodshed Is Likely To Result In A
General Strike and Fur-
ther Disorder.

REFUGEES CROWDING TRAINS.

Warsaw, May 1.—Nearly one hundred
persons were killed or wounded in dis-
turbances in various quarters of War-
saw to-day. The troops apparently were
uncontrollable and violated all orders
to act with moderation. They fired into
crowds of demonstrators and workmen
in retaliation resorted to the use of fire
arms and bombs. Many women and chil-
dren are among the dead and dying.
What approaches a reign of terror exists
to-night, the city presents a most gloomy
aspect and the temper of the entire
community augurs ill.

May day opened with every prospect
that the recent gloomy forebodings
would find contradiction in a peaceful
ending. Glorious weather ushered in the
beginning of the celebrations and all
factories, shops and offices of every de-
scription were closed. The streets were
crowded from early in the morning with
gaily-dressed people and troops. Chil-
dren everywhere enjoyed themselves in
the warm sunshine. The presence of
numerous patrols of Cossack cavalry
and infantry were the only reminder of
lurking danger.

The first disturbance.
No untoward incident was reported
until afternoon. The first disturbances
occurred between 1 and 2 o'clock p. m.,
when a procession of several thousand
workmen carrying red flags marched
along Zelazna street. The demonstra-
tion was quite orderly and proceeded
without molestation for some distance.
Suddenly several squadrons of Uhlan
appeared, but without interfering with
the procession, and took up a position
along the sidewalks while the workmen
passed through the lines. Then a com-
pany of infantry approached from the
front and immediately the cavalry
charged into the procession, driving it
with the flat of their swords into a
disorganized mass. When the cavalry
withdrew the infantry fired a volley,
whereupon the demonstrators turned
and fled. The infantry continued to dis-
charge volleys into the retreating,
shrieking multitude. Thirty-one persons
were killed and many wounded, and of
the latter it is believed that fifteen will
die.

The shooting unprovoked.
The shooting is described as having
been quite unprovoked. It has aroused
the most intense indignation among all
classes in Warsaw. Many of those who
were killed or wounded were shot in
the back, showing that they were run-
ning away when they were struck.

Another terrible scene was enacted
at 5 o'clock p. m. at the corner of
Zlota and Sonora streets, when work-
men fired from behind a wall at a
patrol, which immediately opened fire
on the passing crowds, killing or
wounding twenty persons.

The first bomb throwing.
The first bomb throwing occurred at
9:30 o'clock to-night, when a bomb was
thrown into a Cossack patrol near the
Vienna station. Three Cossacks and
one policeman were killed and two
women, who were leaving the station
at the time, were severely wounded by
the explosion of the bomb. Cossacks
and infantry fired a number of volleys,
and it is reported that many persons
were killed or wounded. Troops sur-
rounded the whole neighborhood. It
has been impossible up to the present
time to secure accurate information as
to the casualties in this affair.

Outbreak in Praga.
At 10:40 o'clock p. m. disturbances
broke out at the Zombkowska gate of
the suburb of Praga, across the Vis-
tula river. A great crowd had assem-
bled there, threatening the troops.

Think Togo Will Be Foxy.
New York, May 1.—Korekiso Takahashi, financial agent of the Japanese
Government, who arrived from London
yesterday after negotiating the recent
Japanese loan, said to-day that Ad-
miral Togo would not offer battle to
Russia in the Pacific because he had too
much at stake and was not willing to
risk all on the first throw of the dice.

Dry Goods Store Robbed.
Marion, Ky., May 1.—The dry goods
store of the Yandell-Guttenheim Com-
pany was broken into by burglars this
morning. Night Watchman Gregory dis-
covered the robbers making their es-
cape from a back window and George
Adams, son of J. W. Adams, a promi-
nent citizen of this city, has been ar-
rested charged with the offense. Two
others made their escape. The amount
stolen is not known.

RIFLES

To Be Carried By the Non-
union Teamsters.

Chief O'Neill Says His
Men Cannot Interfere.

MAYOR DUNNE DISAPPROVES.

ANOTHER DAY OF OPEN AND
VICIOUS RIOTING.

SEVERAL MEN ARE INJURED.

No decided increase in the number of
men on strike was made to-day, the
most important accession to the team-
sters being the drivers of the delivery
trucks of the city. These drivers de-
clared that they would in no case call
for goods at any wholesale establish-
ment, but would deliver only to the
retail stores. As the city is limited to
the stocks now held in the retail gro-
ceries. The retail drivers also declared
that they would refuse to handle any
strike occurred in the stockyards.

The union labor leaders who were in-
cluded in the strike were in the Criminal
Court building to-day and gave bonds
in the sum of \$1,000 each.

Two Riots Last Night.

Two serious riots took place to-night.
The first was at the intersection of
Broad and Main streets, where a
mob containing many women, and
numbering fully 2,000, attacked a crowd
of strikers. The strikers were not
taking them to the depot under the guard
of a squad of police. Stones and mis-
siles of all kinds were hurled at the
men, and the police were unable to
prevent the mob from attacking the
men and many of the mob suffered broken
heads from the clubs of the police. A
number of arrests were made.

The second riot took place at Twenty-
second and State streets, when a
crowd attacked four coal wagons,
which were being delivered to the
depot. The strikers were returning to
the Daniels Company after making
delivery of coal. The nonunion
men were pelted with stones thrown
from the second window of a building.
The strikers, drawing their revolvers,
fired, and the crowd fled. The police
arrived and no shots were fired. A
riot called brought the police to the scene
of the crowd, which was in the
vicinity of the depot. The police
detected weapons.

Drivers To Carry Guns.
To-day a new feature appeared in the
strike and it will be in full evidence
to-morrow whenever a wagon of the
Employers' Teaming Association goes
through the streets. This feature will
be a Winchester rifle. It will be car-
ried on all wagons of the Employers'
Teaming Association in open view.
During the last week there has been
much complaint on the part of strike
sympathizers of the readiness with
which the nonunion men, particularly
the negroes, have drawn and used re-
volvers. A number of them have been
arrested on the charge of carrying
concealed weapons and to-day the at-
torneys of the Employers' Teaming As-
sociation called upon Chief of Police
O'Neill and asked if their men had the
right to carry weapons, provided they
were held in open view and were not
concealed.

Chief O'Neill replied that there was
no law against it and arrangements
were promptly made by the employers
to place rifles on every one of their
wagons. More than 1,000 of these weap-
ons were purchased to-day and during
the latter part of the afternoon a num-
ber of wagons went through the streets
with a rifle lying across the knees of
the driver and his assistant.

Police Aid Inadequate.

The reason for this move on the part
of the employers is that to-day, not-
withstanding the utmost efforts of the
police, they were unable to give non-
union teamsters that protection which
the Employers' Association considered
adequate. During the morning As-
sistant Chief of Police Schuttler requested
the employers to refrain from making
shipments, as he could not furnish suf-
ficient men to guard their wagons, be-
cause at that time he was compelled to
make large details at various depots on
account of the incoming of numbers
of nonunion men. Assistant Chief
Schuttler declared later that he had
sufficient men to handle the strike, but
that the employers demanded ten men
for a wagon when three constituted
sufficient protection. The employers, on
the other hand, point to the increasing
number of assaults made on their drivers
and assert that while the police are
doing all that they could possibly be
expected to perform, there are not
enough of them to deal properly with
the strike, which has spread more in
area during the last three days than
it has in numbers.

Mayor Dunne Dissents.

When Mayor Dunne was informed of
the fact that rifles would be carried by
the nonunion men he was visibly dis-
tressed and declared that the police will
not be permitted to authorize the carry-
ing of arms by anyone, whether in the
employ of the Employers' Teaming As-
sociation or affiliated with the strik-
ers.

"The Chief of Police will give no au-
thority to anyone to carry arms," he
said. "I had not heard of the matter
before, but that the rest would not
authorize the carrying of arms."

Chief of Police O'Neill, however, de-
clared that if the employers arm their
men the police cannot legally interfere
as long as the weapons are not con-
cealed.

"There is no law against the carrying
of weapons in the open," the Chief de-
clared. "If their men keep the weapons
in full view on their wagons or by their
sides, the police cannot interfere. There
is a law against concealing within the
city limits, and also a law against brand-
ishing a weapon in a threatening man-
ner. Both of these will be strictly en-
forced by the police. I disapprove of
the arming of those engaged in the
strike, and as far as my influence goes
I shall discourage it."

There was a report late this afternoon
that Mayor Dunne was about to force
an adjustment of the trouble, but this
he declared to-night was incorrect.
"I cannot force a settlement if the
strike continues as unwilling," he said.
"There is no power I can see that I can
employ to bring them to terms."

Several Men Injured.

Four men were seriously hurt during
the fights to-day. The number actual-
ly injured is greatly in excess of this,
but it is impossible to state it ac-
curately, for the reason that many of
those hurt disappeared in the crowd or
were carried away by their friends as
soon as possible after being injured.
Those seriously hurt to-day are:
Otto Helmer, shot in the leg; John
Williams, nonunion teamster, shot;
Charles F. Ingalls, nonunion teamster,
badly beaten; William Crockett,
nonunion teamster, badly beaten and
unable to walk; and one man, whose
name is not known, who was shot and
killed.

Police Sgt. Cummings, who was run-
down on Thursday by an omnibus driv-
ing on John Ceresa, a union driver, to-
day in the hospital. Ceresa is now
held to await the action of the grand
jury.

Grocery Drivers Out.

No decided increase in the number of
men on strike was made to-day, the
most important accession to the team-
sters being the drivers of the delivery
trucks of the city. These drivers de-
clared that they would in no case call
for goods at any wholesale establish-
ment, but would deliver only to the
retail stores. As the city is limited to
the stocks now held in the retail gro-
ceries. The retail drivers also declared
that they would refuse to handle any
strike occurred in the stockyards.

REBUTTAL

Testimony in Conspiracy
Case At Lexington.

STATEMENTS CONTRADICTED

Alex. Hargis Denies Any
Connection With the
Murder.

ACCUSED ON THE STAND.

GIVES IMPORTANT EVIDENCE
WHICH NEXT WITNESS
DENIES.

CONTEMPT RULE DISMISSED.

Lexington, Ky., May 1.—[Special.]—
The testimony for the defense in the
trial of James Hargis was closed late
this afternoon, and the Commonwealth
began the introduction of rebuttal tes-
timony, and the case will be finished
to-morrow afternoon.

During the hearing of the rebuttal
evidence this afternoon James Hargis
was again placed on the stand for the
purpose of laying a foundation for a
contradiction, and this resulted in a
complete contradiction by the next wit-
ness called in rebuttal. Hargis said
that when Felix Feltner came to his
home in Jackson and got the \$1,500 he
did not request him to sign an agree-
ment with reference to what was to
be done for Mose Feltner. Following
this statement by Jim Hargis, Felix
Feltner was called and said that when
he went to Jackson he asked Hargis
to sign a paper covering the agreement
which he had made with Mose Feltner,
but that Hargis had refused to do it
was the ground for the written agree-
ment was not in accordance with the
verbal agreement. Feltner said he then
drew up another agreement which was
to the effect that if Hargis prosecuted
Mose Feltner for the murder of Jesse
Fields, Feltner would be allowed to use
part or all of the \$1,500 in his de-
fense. Feltner said that he had refused
to sign this agreement, and said that his
word was good enough and referred
him to B. F. French. Feltner said he
went to see French and later returned
and told Hargis it was all right and he
would sign his word as a witness.

This testimony coming from Felix
Feltner had practically the same effect
on the defense as did the testimony of
the same witness last week, when he
was introduced by the Commonwealth
without any of the counsel on that side
knowing what he would testify, as he
was believed to be unfriendly to the
prosecution. At that time Feltner gave
some damaging evidence against the
defendant, and his testimony to-day
was almost equally as damaging, as it
had the effect of contradicting Hargis
regarding the note.

Sheriff McCord Called.

Sheriff Woodson McCord, of Clark
County, was also called by the Com-
monwealth in rebuttal. He was al-
lowed to tell of the alleged insult
given him by Alex. Hargis in Jackson
the day Curtis Jett was killed. He
said that he had heard Jim Hargis
and Callahan express contempt for
Marcum. Witness said he had never
heard a talk with Jim Hargis in May
and June, 1902, with reference to
Jim Cockrell and J. B. Marcum, and did
not know the rumor that Hargis had
killed Marcum. He said that he and
Hargis and Callahan were in a plot to
kill Cockrell and Marcum. He said
he had never talked to Jim Hargis about
any such rumors. It was not shown by
the testimony of Alex. Hargis that he
had admitted to having killed Marcum
and Callahan, and that their fam-
ilies exchanged visits. The Common-
wealth tried to show that Hargis had
told him that he did not know of feelings
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late. When adjournment was announced Miss Patterson walked back to the prison with a steady step. She made no comment on the day's proceedings. Assistant District Attorney Rand will make his closing argument to-morrow.

DIES OF BLACK SMALLPOX IN AN INDIANAPOLIS SUBURB.

Hundred Or More Persons Exposed To the Disease At the Victim's Funeral.

Indianapolis, May 1.—[Special.]—Mrs. Ellen Swales, living in the suburb of West Indianapolis, died last night of black smallpox, and an investigation by the local health authorities shows that a victim of the dread disease was brought here from St. Louis some days ago and that 100 or more persons were exposed to the disease at the funeral. Mrs. Ake, a daughter of Mrs. Swales, died in St. Louis and the body was sent here. It was not known at the time that she died of smallpox, and the corpse came through as though death were not caused by an infectious disease. The body was taken to the Swales home, funeral services were attended and a large number of friends attended and followed the remains to Crown Hill cemetery, where the body was buried. Many of those who were exposed to the funeral of Mrs. Ake were also exposed to the disease at the Swales home before it was known what the woman was suffering.

STATE CENTRAL

COMMITTEE TO MEET IN FRANKFORT MAY 10.

Hardin County and Covington Cases To Come Up For Settlement.

Frankfort, Ky., May 1.—[Special.]—The Democratic State Central Committee will meet at the Capital Hotel here at noon on Wednesday, May 10, next. The official call, authorized by Chairman Lewis McGowan, will be issued by Secretary Haly to-morrow.

The purpose of the meeting is to consider a question presented by Charles Sommers, of Hardin county, chairman of that county, and of the senatorial district committee of the district composed of Hardin, Bullitt and Grayson counties, as to the legality of a nomination held for State Senator made by a convention of the county of a district; also to approve recommendations to be made of committees in Covington and Newport. Other small matters of which the chairman has not yet been notified, may be called up and disposed of.

The question presented by Mr. Sommers grows out of the calling of a county convention for Hardin county in August next to select the nominee for State Senator for that district. The Hon. W. W. Tabb, of Hardin, the only announced candidate for the nomination at the time of the District Committee's action, favored a primary election either in the whole district or in Hardin county, but the committee called a convention, and in its call designated Mr. Sommers to act as temporary chairman. The Hon. George K. Holbert, of Hardin, then took the floor and shortly thereafter, and there soon followed a demand for a primary election in the whole district. The Grayson county committee and Democrats are strongly urging it, and Mr. Tabb's friends insist on either a primary in Hardin county or in the whole district. Mr. Sommers contends that by primary election in one county a nomination for the district cannot legally be made.

Under the agreement of rotation, it is Hardin county's time to furnish the nominee for Senator, and it is probable that the State Committee will either direct a primary in the whole district, with only Hardin county candidates, or a primary in Hardin county. There will be no contest over the approval of committee members in Covington and Newport.

UNANIMOUS REPORT AGAINST JUSTICE HOOKER.

Legislative Proceedings For His Removal Recommended By Committee of the Assembly.

Albany, N. Y., May 1.—Legislative proceedings for the removal of Justice Warren B. Hooker, of the Eighth Judicial District, from the Supreme Court bench of this State are unanimously recommended in the report of the Assembly Judiciary Committee of the Assembly. The report is signed by eleven of the thirteen members of the committee. Of the missing two, Mr. Pease, of New York, died in March, and Mr. Everett, of New York, has not attended the committee's hearings, by reason of continued illness.

The report was received in the Assembly without debate or opposition, and its consideration was made a special order for Thursday.

In a Pluck, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, A powder for tired, aching feet. All Drugists.

CRAFTY BRUIN KEPT OUT OF SIGHT.

President's Party Out For Eight Hours Yesterday Without Meeting With Any Game.

Glenwood Springs, Col., May 1.—President Roosevelt and members of his hunting party were in the saddle from 8 a. m. until 4:30 o'clock to-day, returning without a peep of any kind or even sighting game. Secretary Loeb reached the camp at 2 p. m. and expects to return to-morrow. The hunters will not occupy their old camp on East Divide Creek until to-morrow, as the President desired to await Mr. Loeb's arrival in the present quarters on the West Divide. New bear tracks in large numbers have been reported near the Penny ranch, on the East Divide, where luck went against the hunters when they started out.

SECURES CONTROL OF ATLANTA JOURNAL.

General Manager Gray Becomes the Head of Paper Formerly Belonging To Hoke Smith.

Atlanta, Ga., May 1.—James R. Gray, general manager of the Atlanta Journal, has purchased a controlling interest in the Journal, of which he has hitherto owned a minority of the stock. With Morris Brandon and H. M. Dickinson, Mr. Gray in April, 1900, purchased the paper from the Hon. Hoke Smith, H. H. Cabaniss and their associates. Mr. Gray has now acquired the holdings of Messrs. Brandon and Dickinson. The trade was for cash, but the figures have not been made public. It is estimated, however, that these two gentlemen realized a large advance on their purchase. The paper will continue under the sole management of Mr. Gray.

DANGERS

From Some Railway and Street Cars Are Many.

FAULT, BAD VENTILATION.

STEPS THAT ARE BEING TAKEN TO REMEDY THE EVIL.

THE NEW STEAMBOAT LAWS.

Washington, May 1.—[Special.]—In the course of his inquiries as to the possible spread of disease over the country through the unsanitary condition of railway passenger and street cars, Surgeon General Wyman, of the United States Marine Hospital Service, has received a large number of letters from health officers of the various States and cities. From these letters, it appears to be the almost unanimous opinion among health officers that many diseases are contracted by the traveling public through breathing vitiated air in the cars, or by the reception into their systems of disease germs from others.

On the question of the ventilation of street and passenger cars, Dr. N. H. Hurty, secretary of the Indiana State Board of Health, writes:

"It is important can hardly be exaggerated. Indianapolis has good street cars and very satisfactory service, but the ventilation is simply horrible. I never think of riding on the inside of the cars, but always stand out on the platform, even in cold weather, because the air inside is always so extremely foul. It is my opinion that the people are more likely to catch the disease than the street car company. No passenger will permit a window to be lowered, and if the doors are left open for even a moment some one will close them."

All of the health officers who have expressed on the subject express an earnest desire that Congress may enact necessary legislation to place the sanitation of passenger cars under the direction of the Interstate Commerce Commission, under regulations prescribed by the United States Marine Hospital Service.

Many of the more important railroad companies are using every effort to secure a better system of car ventilation. C. A. Goodnow, general manager of the Chicago and Alton Railway Company, writes that his company has been experimenting with a new device, and that it has proved to be entirely successful. It is a doubtless equip all their cars with it.

The Pullman Company has appointed a superintendent of sanitation whose special duty it is to make thorough and complete tests of whatever devices may be offered until one is found that will prove satisfactory. Other railroad companies are working along the same lines and it is believed that the railroad authorities and the health boards, acting in harmony, will soon work decided changes for the better preservation of the public health.

Steamboat masters and pilots do not agree with the supervising inspectors of steam vessels as to the practicability of many of the new rules, which are being enforced rigidly by local boards of health. The section, "How Life Boats Must Be Carried" with its requirements that the davits "must be of sufficient strength to carry the boat with its full load" is declared impractical by river men. The inspectors in applying the rule all the life boats full of passengers equal to the combined weight of the passengers they are to carry, the theory being that the boat should be loaded with their full complement of passengers aboard.

It is declared by river men that this is all right in theory, but is not practicable, as it would be impossible to drop both ends of a boat from the davits at the same time, should such a thing be attempted; the chances are the passengers would be spilled out and drowned before the boat touched the water.

The application of W. W. Fairbanks, John R. Biles, J. E. Butler, Smith and J. B. Biles to organize the American National Bank of Minneapolis, Tenn., with \$400,000 capital, has been approved by the Controller of the Currency.

LIGHT DOCKET AT OWENSBORO FOR THE FEDERAL COURT.

Owensboro, Ky., May 1.—[Special.]—The May term of the United States Court convened here to-day Judge Evans on the bench. Local cases were found guilty on six counts of counterfeiting. One of the most important civil cases is that of Peter Manly's administrator against the Illinois Central Railroad Company for \$10,000 for his death at Henderson, being run over by a train of the defendant company. A strong fight is being made to have the case remanded to the State court.

Several pleaded guilty to the charge of selling liquor without a special tax and were given jail sentences. The docket is a light one.

CIGAR LEAF TOBACCO MEN IN CONVENTION.

Lancaster, Pa., May 1.—At to-day's session of the National Cigar Leaf Tobacco Association it was decided that the association should open its annual convention at the "top sample" tickets; that the condition of tobacco shall be marked on the samples; and that the association, as well as the New York leaf tobacco board of trade, as to the quality of their samples; and that all samples shall mark on their cards the date of picking in all cases.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: Charles E. Spring, Ida May Meyers, Vincent B. Smith and Nellie Krebs, T. Rogers and Emma Jamison, William J. Brennan and Josephine Brown, Abraham F. Roderick and Rachel Hirschfeld, W. David Nichols and Anna Lee Foreman, Joseph H. Heilig and Lizzie Katie Bauman.



OLD TOM JONES
WHISKEY

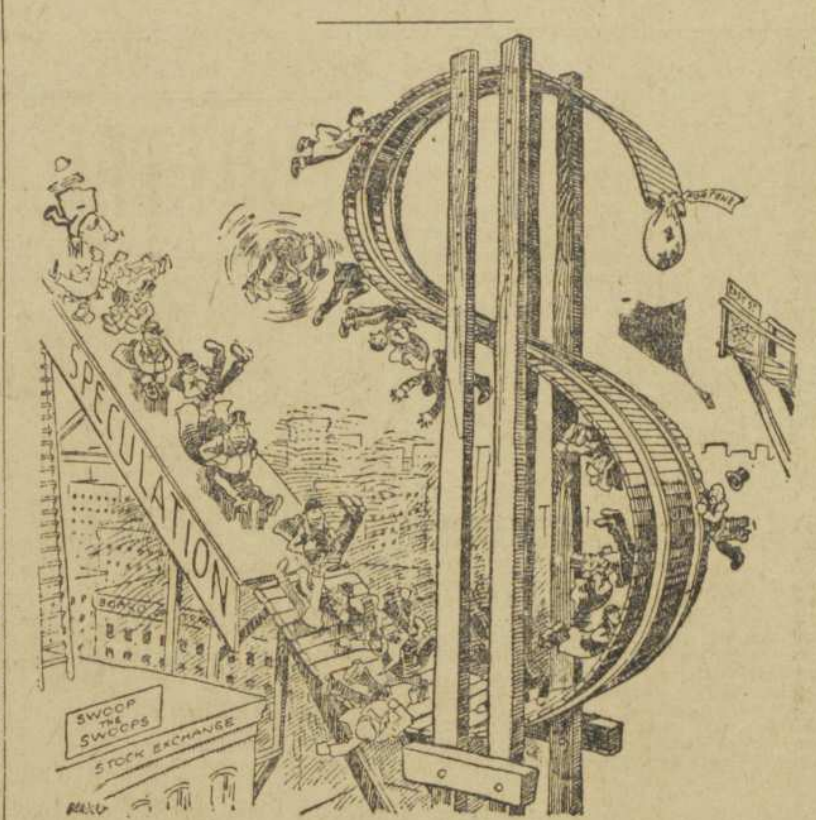
Represents the highest grade of pure grain whiskey, and is especially recommended for family and medicinal uses.

Seventy-Five Cents
Pays for a full quart—its worth a dollar.

Simon N. Jones Co.,
SOLE DISTRIBUTERS,
Second and Main, Louisville, Ky.

We have a special offer of six quarts for \$5.00, express prepaid to all points east of Missouri river, except points in Florida and Texas.

NATIONAL AMUSEMENTS: SWOOPING THE SWOOPS.



THE START IS EXHILARATING, BUT THE FINISH LONESOME.

PANEL FILLED.

JURY TO TRY HOCH FINALLY COMPLETED.

Examination of Witnesses Begun With Calling of Prisoner's Former Landlady.

Chicago, May 1.—The jury in the case of Johann Hoch, the alleged "Bluebeard," who is on trial charged with murder, was completed to-day. After the jury had been accepted and sworn in Hoch turned with a smile to the reporters and said: "That jury is fine." Assistant State's Attorney Olsen also expressed himself as satisfied with the men selected to try the case.

Hoch became much excited when Assistant State's Attorney Olsen declared in his address to the jury that two more grains of arsenic were found in the body of Hoch's late wife, Mrs. Marie Walcker-Hoch, was exhumed last week.

The embalming fluid has been given the strongest test possible, declared the prosecutor, "and no arsenic was found in the fluid." Hoch jumped from his chair and was about to say something, when he was forced to sit down and remain quiet.

The first witness was Mrs. Kate Bowers, the keeper of a small hotel in which Hoch had lived for a time. She identified the signature of Hoch on her hotel register. Mrs. Hedwig Milliken said that the writing on the man who had inserted an advertisement in a German newspaper asking for a wife, Mrs. Bertha Knipfle, the owner of a small store, told of the first meeting of Hoch and Mrs. Marie Walcker at her store.

Mrs. Walcker-Hoch told of the appearance of Mrs. Walcker-Hoch two days before her death. The looked very badly. Mrs. Knipfle declared, but Hoch refused to allow her to talk with his wife about her health and made Mrs. Knipfle leave the house.

CORTEYOU WILL NOT HEAD THE EQUITABLE.

An Unfounded Report That He Was To Accept Presidency of the Society.

New York, May 1.—After careful inquiry the Associated Press is able to deny the report in Washington that Postmaster General Cortelyou had been agreed upon by President Taft as the Equitable Assurance Society of New York as a compromise between President Alexander, of the society, and First Vice President Hyde.

An official of the Equitable Life Assurance Society to whom was shown the dispatch announcing the report in Washington that Postmaster General Cortelyou had been offered the presidency of the society, said:

"Mr. Alexander is president of the Equitable. The report that the president had been offered to some one else cannot be correct."

Mr. Hyde was shown the dispatch. He read it through and then asked to be excused from commenting on it.

PURE FOOD SHOW IS STILL DRAWING CROWDS.

With an increasing attendance the Louisville Pure Food Show began its second week yesterday in the Horse Show building and crowds of people thronged the booths during the entire day. Particular pains were taken yesterday to make the exhibits more attractive and the ease and rapidity with which they could be prepared for table use. The usual display of food samples for testing purposes. Many of the demonstrators have become adepts at catching and holding the attention of visitors, and although shouting or "hawking" is allowed in the building no difficulty is found in securing an eager crowd to witness the demonstrations.

B'NAI B'RITH OFFICERS ELECTED AT BIRMINGHAM.

Birmingham, Ala., May 1.—The thirty-second annual convention of the District Grand Lodge No. 7, of the Independent Order of B'Nai B'Rith, began here this morning, and will continue until Thursday. At the afternoon session officers were elected for the coming year as follows: Lewis E. Mayer, Demopolis, Ala., president; Michael M. Hoke, Monticello, Ala., first vice-president; J. M. Oppenheimer, San Antonio, Tex., second vice president; Charles H. New Orleans, secretary; Nathan Straus, New Orleans, secretary; Chas. T. House, Memphis, Tenn., sergeant-at-arms.

WILLIAMS-MIDDENDORF DEBTS LIQUIDATED.

Baltimore, May 1.—The members of the advisory committee who since October, 1903, have supervised the liquidation of John L. Williams & Sons, of Richmond, Va., and J. Williams Middendorf & Co., of this city, which firms have been prominently identified with the development of the Seaboard Air-line and other railroad properties and of many other enterprises in the South, to-day issued a statement announcing the completion of their work and declares their functions ended.

NATIONAL LEAGUE CONTRACTS.

New York, May 1.—President Pulliam, of the National Baseball League, announces the following contracts and releases: Contract—With Boston, Victor G. Wells. Release—With Chicago, Otto Williams to New Orleans; M. Mitchell to Portland (P. C. L.); and Arthur L. Pennell to Colorado Springs. By St. Louis, John Butcher to Kansas City and by Cincinnati, Arthur Heckschoeter to Denver.

IMPOSING

Tribute Paid To the Late Gen. Fitzhugh Lee.

BRIEF SERVICES IN CHURCH

AT WASHINGTON PRIOR TO DEPARTURE FOR RICHMOND.

MILITARY AND CIVIC PARADE.

Washington, May 1.—An affectionate and imposing tribute was paid to-day to all that is mortal of Brig. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, U. S. A., retired. Formal funeral services over the remains will be held in Richmond, Va., next Thursday. It was found necessary to delay them until that time in order that the General's son, Lieut. George Mason Lee, of the Seventh United States Cavalry, who was in San Francisco with his regiment, en route to the Philippines, might be in attendance. Brief services were held to-day, however, at the Church of the Epiphany, on G street. Many of the personal and official friends embraced the opportunity thus afforded to pay a last tribute of respect to the memory of the distinguished dead.

Prior to the brief services to-day, the remains of Gen. Lee, which had been lying in their casket in the Sunday-school chapel of Epiphany church since their removal from Providence Hospital, were conveyed to the auditorium of the church. Throughout last night and to-day they were surrounded by a guard of honor, consisting of members of the local camp of Confederate Veterans.

The Church Services.

The church services were conducted by the rector of Epiphany church, the Rev. Randolph H. McKim, D. D., who is chaplain of the Washington camp of Confederate Veterans. He was an official of Lee's old command in the Civil War, and the two were lifelong friends. The services were very simple, being in accordance with the burial service prescribed by the ritual of the Episcopal church. No funeral oration was pronounced.

The church was thronged with friends and acquaintances of Gen. Lee and his family. The services were reserved for the members of the Lee family and other relatives and for specially invited officials and friends from both Washington and from Virginia. The casket containing the remains was covered with floral offerings and had been received from individuals and organizations with which Gen. Lee was identified. Among them was the handsome wreath sent by the President and Mrs. Roosevelt.

Military and Civic Pageant.

The details of the arrangement for the services and for the escort of the body were completed by Maj. Gen. George B. Meade, U. S. A., and Capt. Michie, U. S. A. While the church services were in progress the military and civic pageant was being organized. The military escort consisted of a squadron of the Seventh Cavalry.

The body of Gen. Lee was being taken to the Pennsylvania station. The military escort consisted of a squadron of the Seventh Cavalry. The body of Gen. Lee was being taken to the Pennsylvania station. The military escort consisted of a squadron of the Seventh Cavalry.

DEPARTURE FOR RICHMOND.

On arrival at the railroad station the casket containing the remains was conveyed with due ceremony to the train. The body of Gen. Lee was being taken to the Pennsylvania station. The military escort consisted of a squadron of the Seventh Cavalry.

TWO POLICEMEN SHOT AT UNION CITY.

Owingsville, Ky., May 2.—[Special.]—The Democratic campaign in Eastern Kentucky will be opened next Monday by Senator Joseph C. S. Blackburn, who will address the voters at the courthouse here. The speaking tour, for the course, for the Democratic party, but its object will be to assist Hon. Walter Sharp, of this county, in his race for Representative from the East-Rowan district.

Arrested in Los Angeles.

Macoon, Ga., May 1.—According to a message from the Mayor at Davisboro, Ga., from the Chief of Police of Los Angeles, Cal., Mario S. Yotter, the acting cashier of the Davisboro Bank, who disappeared last fall, leaving a shortage of \$25,000, was to-day arrested in that city.

Memphis Hod Carriers Quit.

Memphis, Tenn., May 1.—A strike which may effect all building trades unions in Memphis was inaugurated to-day when 250 and 300 union hod carriers consisting of over 50 per cent. of all experienced hod carriers in the city walked out. The hod carriers are demanding an advance of five cents an hour wages. Practically every brick contractor in the city is holding out against this demand.

Marine Intelligence.

Glasgow, May 1.—Arrived: Columbia, New York. Arrived: Rhein, New York. Arrived: Plymouth, New York. Arrived: Rotterdam, New York. Arrived: Rotterdam, New York. Arrived: Rotterdam, New York.

Supreme Court of the United States has denied the motion of John A. Benson for a rehearing in his case relating to removal from New York to the District of Columbia for trial on a charge of defrauding.

ing the Government in the misappropriation of timber on public lands.

George B. Peck, general counsel of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, was again before the Senate committee on Interstate Commerce to-day. He reiterated his assertion that the Interstate Commerce Commission had power to fix rates it could not establish differential.

A complaint has been filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission by the Red Rock Fuel Company of Fairmount, N. Y., against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. The complainant alleges that its business is being hampered seriously by the refusal of the defendant company to permit the construction of necessary sidings.

A cablegram from Bad Nauheim says Secretary Hay's course of thermal baths will require three or four weeks longer to finish. Hay is regretting that he cannot come for his trip to-night. His appetite is good and he lives in extreme quiet.

ALLEGED MURDERER ARRESTED AT BEDFORD.

Bedford, Ind., May 1.—[Special.]—John Rutherford, alleged to be wanted for the murder of Charles Underwood at Linton, Greene county, yesterday evening, was arrested in this city at 10 o'clock to-day. He was having his shoes shined when the police, who had a description of him, recognized him and his arrest followed. He claims he did the killing in self-defense. He is in jail and the Linton authorities will come for him to-night. His alleged victim was at the depot in his coffin being taken to his home, south.

WORKHOUSE SENTENCE FOR LOUISVILLE DRUMMER.

Toledo, O., May 1.—[Special.]—L. Litman, the traveling salesman for the J. H. Hyatt Company, of Louisville, who was arrested last week, drew ninety days in the workhouse, and was fined the costs by Police Judge Wachensheim, this morning. He pleaded guilty to a charge of defrauding the Hotel Jefferson out of a big board bill, and of obtaining money under false pretenses of owning the sample pants he left in two pawnshops.

FIGHT BETWEEN YAKUS AND MEXICAN SOLDIERS.

El Paso, Tex., May 1.—A letter received here to-day from Potan, Sonora, between Guaymas and Hermosillo, tells of an encounter between Mexican troops and Yakus, in which a Mexican Major was killed and many soldiers wounded. The Yakus escaped. The letter says that one Mexican officer who deserted his soldiers when the Major fell was ordered shot for cowardice. The letter states, further, that frequent brushes occurred with the Indians.

A REWARD OF \$1,000 FOR GOLL'S ARREST.

Milwaukee, May 1.—A reward of \$1,000 has been offered for the arrest of Henry G. Goll, former assistant cashier of the First National Bank of this city. Goll disappeared on the day the defalcation of Frank G. Bigelow became known, and up to this time has succeeded in eluding arrest. Mr. Bigelow is under constant surveillance of a detective.

TYPHOID FEVER AT MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 1.—Typhoid fever is prevalent throughout Milwaukee. The health department at the city health office says fifty-five cases, but it is believed by the Health Commission that there are more cases. Three deaths were reported from the disease to-day.

TOWN MARSHAL KILLED BY BLOW ON THE HEAD.

Hagerstown, Ind., May 1.—[Special.]—Leonard T. Gessler, Town Marshal, died to-night as the result of being struck on the head with an iron bar while dispersing a crowd on the streets Saturday night. John Knepp is in jail charged with being responsible for the officer's death.

SERVICES CONTINUED.

Southern Congregational Congress Will Extend Meeting Through the Week.

Atlanta, Ga., May 1.—The Southern Congregational Congress continued its sessions to-day, which will extend through the week. Among the speakers to-day were the Rev. A. R. Thomson, Berea, Ky.; the Rev. S. J. Groves, Villanoville, N. C.; the Rev. W. M. Jones, St. Louis, and the Rev. W. A. Bartlett, Chicago.

WANAMAKER GIVES \$100,000 FOR Y. M. C. A. BUILDINGS IN PEKIN AND OTHER PLACES.

Paris, May 1.—Announcement was made at the dinner to-night terminating the Young Men's Christian Association Congress that the John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, had given \$100,000 for Young Men's Christian Association buildings at Peking, Seoul and Kyoto. This supplements Mr. Wanamaker's gifts for buildings at Calcutta and Madras.

Campaign in Bath.

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TWO WOMEN TESTIFY.

Nothing Builds Up the System So Quickly as Pe-ru-na.



Mrs. Mary Solan, 1340 Seventh street, Denver, Col., writes: "We have used Peruna in our family for years, and would not be without it. I used it for catarrh and as a tonic before and after my children were born, and I found that it was all that I could wish for in quickly restoring the strength."

"I have given it to my children when they caught a cold, or had any of the little ailments that children are subject to, and it helped them splendidly. Whenever we take a cold, a dose or two of Peruna, taken in time, will soon rid us of the trouble."

Peruna, a Prompt Restorative. To those people who have been suffering from any acute ailment, to mothers after childbirth, or to those who have had painful accidents which condition of overtaxing the system, Peruna brings strength and health.

Catarrh of the Stomach Speedily Cured. Miss Julia Butler, Rural Route 4, Appleton, Wis., writes: "For the past six years I suffered with catarrh of the stomach, causing loss of sleep and appetite."

They take this means of sending thanks to all of their sisters who have found Peruna of great value, and also to drop a word of advice to all other suffering women who have not yet tried Peruna.

If you are in doubt as to the exact nature of your ailment, write to Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, and he will be pleased to give you the benefit of his valuable advice gratis. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

Yes, gentlemen, the graceful curved lines in my waistcoats mean something—mean your exact fit.

Exclusive Worsteds, Flannels and Washables. \$3.00 to \$6.00.

"The Otherologist" Consult my style book for correct clothes for Spring.

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Full Line Lumber Full Line Porch Work Full Line Stair Work Full Line Wood Mantels Full Line Sash Full Line Doors

Get all your building material at one place. We carry the greatest assortment in the South. CATALOGUES FREE.

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NORTH STAR REFRIGERATORS

Coldest and Dryest! Purest and Best!

The most satisfactory Refrigerator in the market. It has the best system of air circulation. It never fails to please.

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Successful Bidders for Louisville's New Armory and Builders of Kentucky Building at World's Fair.

DIVORCE,

Except for Biblical Cause,
Not Legal.

METHODIST BISHOPS ACT.

MINISTER PROHIBITED FROM
SERVING OTHERWISE.

MAY NOT REUNITE COUPLES.

Busy Day of Three Sessions Brings
Conference To Close.

MEET NEXT IN WASHINGTON.

"No divorce, except for adultery, shall be regarded by the church as lawful; and no minister shall solemnize marriage in any case where there is a divorced wife or husband living; but this rule shall not be applied to the innocent party to a divorce for the cause of adultery, nor to divorced parties seeking to be reunited in marriage."

Yesterday was the busiest day by far with the bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, North, and the above paragraph, which has been in the church discipline heretofore, but must now be rigidly enforced, was the most important action taken. Three sessions were held, the last ending at 10 o'clock last night. During the day many questions of importance were passed on finally.

The report of the Committee on Plans and Visitation to the Conference was presented by Chairman C. H. Fowler and concurred in by that body. The educational matters under consideration were finally disposed of, the bishops nominating the Rev. D. G. Downey, of New York, for the chair of practical theology in the Drew Theological Seminary at Madison, N. J. The other two candidates are Dr. Camden M. Coburn, of Chicago, Ill., and Dr. Ezra S. Tippet, of New York. From these candidates the trustees will select a successor to the late Dr. Samuel F. Upham.

Other Paragraphs Discussed.

The action as to divorces was not the only paragraph of the church discipline that was given attention.

In paragraph 346, section 2, only the officers and teachers named in the paragraph shall be members of the Sunday-school board. The section alluded to and modified in as follows:

"The Sunday-school board shall consist of the pastor, who shall be ex-officio chairman, the Sunday-school committee appointed by the quarterly conference, the superintendent, the assistant superintendents, the secretaries, the treasurer, the librarians, the teachers of the school, and the president of the Sunday-school Missionary Society. In case of the withdrawal of officers or teachers from the school, they shall cease to be members of the board."

Another important rule adopted was that pastors are not authorized to install vested choir and processional robes without concurrence of the quarterly conference.

Appointments Withheld.

The bishops refused to give out the list of who will hold the annual conferences this fall, as reported by the committee, giving as a reason that it is their custom to first have the list published in their church organs. The following is a list of conferences in this section, where they will be held and by whom:

Kentucky conference, at Lexington, by Bishop D. A. Goodell, on September 28.
Indiana conference, at Linton, Ind., by Bishop Henry Spellmyer, on September 29.
Northwest Indiana conference, at Michigan City, Ind., by Bishop C. H. Fowler, on September 30.
Holston conference, at Hartman, Tenn., by Bishop C. H. Fowler, on October 1.
Cincinnati conference, at Springfield, O., by Bishop Earl Cranston, on September 27.
Southern Illinois conference, at East St. Louis, by Bishop C. H. Fowler, on September 27.

The General Commission on the Deaconess cause, ordered by the General conference to the appointment of the bishops, is as follows: Bishops—J. M. Walden, Cincinnati, O.; C. H. Fowler, New York; N. Fitzgerald, St. Louis; D. A. Goodell, Boston, Mass.; L. B. Wilson, Chattanooga, Tenn. Ministers—C. Golder, Cincinnati, O.; C. L. Goodell, New York; L. C. Murdock, Wyoming conference; W. O. Shepherd, Chicago, Ill.; S. W. Thomas, Philadelphia, Pa.; W. J. N. Gentry, Cincinnati, O.; N. W. Harris, Chicago, Ill.; R. S. Douglas, Boston, Mass.; J. E. Leavcraft, New York; G. W. Brown, St. Louis. Bishop Henry Spellmyer, of Cincinnati, O., was elected a member of the General Trustee Board of the church.

Meet Next in Washington.

The bishops decided to hold their next semi-annual meeting, beginning at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of October 25, in Foundry Church, of Washington, D. C. Provision was made for the appointment of fifty delegates to represent the Methodist Episcopal church at the Interchurch Conference of the Protestant denominations in New York City in November next.

Bishop J. W. Hamilton announced the death of Rev. J. J. Dilliver, father of Senator Dilliver, of Iowa. A message of condolence was ordered sent to the Senator. A resolution was adopted setting forth to the church a statement of facts concerning the death of the Woman's College, of Baltimore, Md., its rapid growth, increasing usefulness and present financial embarrassment.

The following were appointed on the Committee on Conference Claimants as ordered by the General Conference: Bishops—J. W. Joyce, Earl Cranston, J. W. Hamilton, Ministers—J. S. Stubbs, of Nevada; W. H. Wilson, of Illinois; James Hamilton, of Michigan; Laymen—J. E. Andrews, of New York; R. T. Miller, of Cincinnati; O. M. Campbell, of South Bend, Ind.

The bishops who form the General Deaconess board held a session yesterday morning and adopted a resolution urging the boards and deaconesses in each conference to secure endorsements for the support of deaconesses at work and after they have become aged. Arrangements were made to observe Deaconess Day at Ocean Grove, N. J., and other places throughout the country. The Woman's Home Mission Society reported the reorganization of Deaconess bureaus. The history of the deaconess movement by the Rev. C. Golder was recommended in the course of reading for Deaconesses.

The adoption of the new catechism was under discussion last night and was the cause of considerable debate. It was announced last night that a final adjournment probably would not

NO SUMMONSES HAVE BEEN FILED IN MAE WOODS' SUIT.



Omaha, Neb., May 1.—No summonses have been filed with Sheriff Power in the Mae Woods suit against Secretary William Loeb, former Postmaster General Wynne and J. Martin Miller for \$35,000 damages. Miss Wood has stated that she will now await developments in the matter. She said that her idea of filing the suit in this city was to secure service on Secretary Loeb when he shall pass through the city next week. No action has been taken, however, to place a summons in official hands to be executed.

be reached until some time this afternoon.

Must Now Be Enforced.

While the paragraphs of the church discipline have been included heretofore, it has been discretionary with the various ministers as to enforcement. Now, however, the bishops have ordered rigid compliance and its effect will be of general interest. It was said last night that the bishops' action emphasizes the paragraph for the benefit of preachers.

TOE SPRAINED.

CAUSING BISHOP McCLOSKEY
PAIN AND INCONVENIENCE.

Suffers Injury In Leaving His Bed—
Confirmation Services Are
Postponed.

In leaving his bed at his home in St. Boniface rectory, Bishop W. G. McCloskey stumbled on a rug and sprained the toe of his right foot so severely that he has been confined to his room for the past week, and the confirmation exercises, which were to be held in the Cathedral Sunday, had to be postponed. No date has yet been set for the exercises, but it is believed the bishop will be able to leave his room by next Sunday.

The injury to Bishop McCloskey occurred nearly a week ago, and the toe was so badly strained that it has been impossible for him to place his foot on the floor. The accident happened early in the morning as the bishop was leaving his bed. In stepping to the floor his foot slipped in such manner that one toe was bent sharply under his foot, and the entire weight of the body was thrown upon it. In excruciating pain, the bishop was placed in bed by his assistants in the rectory, and Dr. W. O. Roberts was called in attendance.

After an examination Dr. Roberts found that the toe had been badly wrenched. No bones were broken, but the ligaments and muscles were severely strained and a swelling took place, which greatly enlarged the injured member. A part of the nail was also torn away. On account of his extreme age the injury affects the bishop to a great extent that he has been forced to keep his room, and Dr. Roberts has been in constant attendance.

Dr. Roberts stated last night that beyond temporary disability, he did not believe the injury would prove serious. He explained that the ligaments were badly torn and that he has been forced to keep the toe in a plaster cast to heal, but the swelling has been reduced and he believes the bishop will be able to leave his room in time for services next Sunday.

WILL TAKE CALEB
POWERS TO GEORGETOWN.

Deputy Sheriff and Guards Arrive In
the City To Get the Prisoner.

Georgetown, Ky., May 1.—[Special.]—The May term of the Scott Circuit Court began this morning with Judge Robert L. Stout on the bench. On motion of Commonwealth's Attorney R. B. Franklin, the court issued an order that the Sheriff bring Caleb Powers from the Louisville jail to Georgetown, the order returnable Wednesday morning, in order that Powers may be present at whatever steps may be taken to set a date for his next trial. R. C. Kinkaid, of Louisville, was the only one of Powers' attorneys present in court. Deputy Sheriff W. C. Warring, accompanied by three special deputies, went to Louisville this afternoon and will return with his prisoner to-morrow.

W. W. Harper, O. J. Smith and John Nichols accompanied Deputy Sheriff W. C. Warring to Louisville last night, and will leave for Georgetown (Ky.) this morning with Caleb Powers.

SHIFT IN I. C.'S
DETECTIVE SERVICE.

W. T. Dineen, who has been special agent of the Illinois Central railroad on the Louisville division for the past three years, received notice yesterday that he would be transferred to St. Louis, where he will have charge of all the Illinois Central lines west of the Mississippi river. He succeeds M. Welsh, J. D. King, formerly of the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley line, will succeed him. The change takes place at once.

INDIANA WOMAN ARRESTED
FOR SMOKING CIGARETTES.

Frankfort, Ind., May 1.—Walter Easter and Miss Pearl Hankins were arrested to-night charged with smoking and having cigarettes in their possession. They were lodged in jail and will be given a hearing Tuesday.

INCREASE

In Public Debt During
Month of April.

DECREASE IN TREASURY CASH

LARGELY RESPONSIBLE FOR UN-
FAVORABLE SHOWING.

AN INCREASE IN BANK NOTES.

Washington, May 1.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business April 30, 1905, the total debt, less cash in the Treasury, amounted to \$997,217,941, and an increase for the month of \$3,593,354. This increase is partly accounted for by a decrease of \$5,502,942 in the amount of cash on hand. The cash in the Treasury is classified as follows:

Gold reserve, \$150,000,000; trust funds, \$98,418,969; general funds, \$130,671,555. In national bank deposits, \$38,257,004; in Philippine Treasury, \$4,368,528. Total, \$1,371,716,257, against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$1,087,292,575, which leaves a cash balance on hand of \$284,423,682. Deducting from this amount the gold reserve, the deposits in national banks and in the Philippine Treasury, what is known as the working Treasury balance is found to be \$41,692,749.

Month's Deficit \$9,211,419.

The monthly comparative statement of the Government receipts and expenditures shows that for the month of April, 1905, the total receipts were \$39,778,181, and the expenditures \$48,989,600, leaving a deficit for the month of \$9,211,419. As compared with April, 1904, the receipts last month show a falling off of \$1,761,240, and the expenditures an increase of \$1,978,336, making a difference for the month of \$3,739,576. For the ten months of the present fiscal year the deficit is \$33,689,557.

Years Increase In Bank Notes \$44,164,372.

The monthly circulation statement, issued by the Controller of the Currency, shows that the total amount of national bank notes outstanding at the close of business April 30, 1905, was \$48,244,945, an increase for the year of \$4,164,372, and an increase for the month of \$2,296,000. The circulation, based on United States bonds, amounted to \$44,077,786, an increase for the year of \$3,124,985, and an increase for the month of \$4,277,487. The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulating notes was \$452,855,790, and to secure public deposits \$92,159,950.

The Coinage For April.

The amount of coinage executed at the mint of the United States during April, 1905, was \$2,486,931, as follows:

Gold \$1,860,000
Silver 322,921
Minor coins 303,910

This, however, does not include 1,500,000 pieces executed for the Philippine Government.

MERGER SCHEME

TO UNITE COMPANIES MANU-
FACTURING STREET CARS.

Corporation To Be Formed With
\$50,000,000 Capital To Take
Over the Plants.

Boston, May 1.—A movement to merge the companies engaged in the manufacture of street railway cars of the entire country is in progress, according to information obtained here to-day. Options have been secured by the promoters upon the property of leading companies in various parts of the country, including that of the Locomotive Car Company, of this city and Locomotive, N. H. Among the concerns interested, besides the Locomotive company, are the J. G. Britt Company, of Philadelphia, which works in that city; the Locomotive Company, of Cleveland; the St. Louis Car Company, St. Louis, Mo.; the Wagon Manufacturing Company, of Springfield, Mass.; Bradley Car Company, of Worcester, Mass., and the Jewett Car Company, of Newark, O. It is planned to have one corporation with capital of about \$50,000,000, which will absorb the concerns mentioned and about a dozen other companies doing a similar business.

Pennsylvania Dividend.

Philadelphia, May 1.—The Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to-day declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent, payable May 31, to the stockholders of record.

The directors of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent, payable May 27. The last semi-annual dividend was 3 1/2 per cent.

To Take Over U. P. Holdings.

New York, May 1.—Possibility of trouble between the Great Northern and Union Pacific interests has been avoided, according to street reports to-day, by the formation of a syndicate to take over the Union Pacific's holdings of Northern Securities stock. According to the report, the syndicate is under the leadership of the First National Bank of New York, and the price to be paid is \$150 per share.

More Money For Furnace Workers.

Sharon, Pa., May 1.—One thousand independent blast furnace workers in Sharon, Pa., to-day given an increase in wages. The advance was made voluntarily, and is virtually a recognition of the cut made in January, 1904. Skilled workers receive an increase of twenty cents and laborers ten cents a day.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, May 1.—Treasury's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash, \$134,318,681; gold, \$62,331,729; silver, \$25,476,644.

Dies of Heart Rheumatism.

Lancaster, Ky., May 1.—[Special.]—Samuel Salter died this afternoon at the home of his brother-in-law, Mr. John Dunn, after several weeks' illness, from rheumatism of the heart, aged seventy years. He leaves a widow, but no child.

From Steam To Electric.

Evansville, Ind., May 1.—[Special.]—Evansville, Ind., May 1.—The Evansville and Newburg Suburban road, changed from steam to an electric line, was opened to-day. An address was made at Newburg, Ind., by United States Senator James A. Henderson.

SCROFULA A Disease We Inherit

The tainted blood of ancestors lays upon the shoulders of innocent offspring untold suffering by transmitting to them, through the blood, that blighting disease, Scrofula; for in nearly every instance the disease can be traced to some family blood trouble, or blood-kin marriage which is contrary to the laws of nature. Swelling, ulcerating glands of the neck, catarrh, weak eyes, sores, abscesses, skin eruptions, white swelling, hip disease and other deformities, with a wasting of the natural strength and vitality, are some of the ways this miserable disease manifests itself. The poison transmitted through the blood pollutes and weakens that health-sustaining fluid and in place of its nutritive qualities fills the circulation with scrofulous matter and tubercular deposits, often resulting in consumption. A disease which has been in the family blood for generations, perhaps, or at least since the birth of the sufferer, requires constitutional treatment. S. S. S. is the remedy best fitted for this. It cleanses the blood of all scrofulous and tubercular poisons, makes it rich and pure and under the tonic effects of this great blood medicine the general health improves. It is a sure return to health, the disease is cured permanently while posterity is protected. Book on the blood and any advice wished, furnished by our physicians, without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SSS

proves, the symptoms all pass away, there is a sure return to health, the disease is cured permanently while posterity is protected. Book on the blood and any advice wished, furnished by our physicians, without charge.

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Outside of Jefferson county we sell to dealers only.

Tired All The Time?

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and freely and frankly, in strictest confidence, tell us all your symptoms and troubles. We will send Free Advice (in plain solid capsules) to each of them. Address: Ladies' Advisory Department, THE CHATTANOOGA MEDICINE CO., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THE ONLY REMEDY

for all your aches, womb troubles, backache, headache, dragging down and other pains, female weaknesses and general tired and worn-out feeling, is

WINE of CARDUI

It Lifts Women's Burdens.

Cardui is a pure, non-intoxicating medicinal, vegetable tonic, which enriches impoverished blood, braces up languid nerves, and builds new strength for women.

It is safe, pleasant, scientific and reliable.

A sure cure for all female pain and sickness.

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"I Feel Like a New Woman," Writes Mrs. Naomi Baker, of Webster Groves, Mo., "since I wrote for advice to the Ladies' Advisory Dept., and began to take Cardui. I tell all my lady friends about this wonderful medicine, and would like to publish all over the State of Missouri the relief and cure that it effected for me."

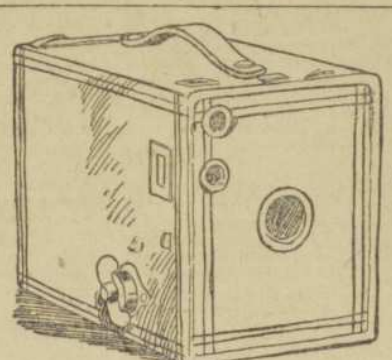
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Consists of button shirt, padded pants, cap and belt; made of gray outing flannel; a neat, serviceable suit for large and small boys. Regular price \$2.00.

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The Courier-Journal has arranged to give ABSOLUTELY FREE to boys and girls of Louisville, Jeffersonville and New Albany a number of handsome presents—just the things you want.

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Go out among your neighbors and friends and get TWO of those who are NOT NOW subscribers to the DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL to agree to become subscribers for a period of fourteen (14) weeks, and to pay 10 cents a week, or 45 cents every FULL MONTH, for the paper, to be delivered at their homes. No money need be paid in advance—just get them to sign an agreement to take the DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL (not the Sunday, which costs 5 cents a week additional to above price).

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Is a beauty; made of selected wood, neatly finished with folding handle; correct lenses. Regular price 65c.

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Wintersmith's Remedies For Sale By All Druggists

SPRING SHOPPING

RARE OPPORTUNITY PRESENTED RESIDENTS OF KENTUCKY AND SPRING SHOPPING
SOUTHERN INDIANA BY THE RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

ALL railroads entering Louisville have announced a rate of one fare and a third for the round trip from points in the surrounding territory on account of the Pure Food Exposition at Horse Show Bldg. Excursion tickets will be sold on Wednesday morning, good returning Thursday night. On this occasion the Retail Merchants' Association of Louisville will present to out-of-town people an opportunity to shop at metropolitan stores, where the stocks of spring merchandise are without superior in style, variety and quantity in the United States. Holders of excursion tickets may have their round-trip railroad fares refunded in cash by taking advantage of this splendid offer. Read carefully the plan herein outlined, and for further particulars address J. V. Beckman, manager Retail Merchants' Association, rooms 307 and 308 Urban building, Louisville, Ky.

IMPORTANT—The railroads will grant the above rate from all points within 100 miles of Louisville in Kentucky, and 50 miles' distance in Indiana.

THE PLAN

In order that out-of-town patrons may become the better acquainted with the Louisville retail market as a shopping center and take advantage of noteworthy bargains which are rapidly making the spring of 1935 historic, the merchants have decided to bear the expense of railroad tickets to Louisville, in return for which they require that each visitor buy only a nominal amount from any one or more members of the Association.

If you live within 100 miles of Louisville, purchase on Wednesday from your ticket agent a round-trip Excursion Ticket to Louisville.

On arrival in Louisville show your Excursion Ticket and call for a Rebate Book at the first store you visit among the number indicated below. Have the amount of your purchase (no matter how big or how small) entered in the book. When you visit the next store belonging to this Association, see that they enter the full amount of your purchase in the Rebate Book, and so on until you have finished shopping. Be sure to have the TOTAL PURCHASE at each store entered in the book.

Present your book at our headquarters, No. 232 Fourth avenue, and our agent will give

you in cash the price of your round-trip ticket, based on the 100 mile distance in Kentucky, and 50 miles in Indiana, providing the total amount of your purchases equals \$30.00. Two per cent. ADDITIONAL CASH REBATE will be allowed by the agent on all purchases in excess of \$30.00.

If you live more than 100 miles from Louisville you are not debared from the advantages of this plan. Buy your Excursion Ticket, follow the plan of purchasing from the members of the Association outlined, and when through the Association will give you in cash cost of your ticket, based on 100 miles. For example, if you live 110 miles from Louisville, you pay ten miles and the Association pays 100.

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BESTEN & LANGEN,
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CLOTHING, MEN'S FURNISHINGS, HATS, SHOES,
Fourth and Jefferson Sts.

J. DOLINGER & CO.,
CHINA AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
584 Fourth Ave.

ECLIPSE COAL CO.,
COAL,
339 West Market St.

BHRICH & CO.,
CLOTHING, MEN'S FURNISHINGS, HATS,
327 West Jefferson St.

GEO. G. FETTER CO.,
OFFICE SUPPLIES, PRINTERS, BINDERS,
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GEHR & SONS,
STOVES, RANGES, ETC.,
217 West Market St.

H. J. GUTMAN & CO.,
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FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
436 West Market St.

HUBBUCH BROS.,
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HUSCH BROS.,
CLOAKS, SUITS, ETC.,
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543-549 Fourth Ave.

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HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO.,
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414-422 West Market St.

JAS. K. LEMON & SON,
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511 Fourth Ave.

LEVY BROS.,
CLOTHING, MEN'S FURNISHINGS, HATS, SHOES,
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JOHN C. LEWIS CO.,
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318 Fourth Ave.

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628-630 Fourth Ave.

H. J. MULLINS,
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202 West Market St.

OFFICE SUPPLY CO.,
PRINTERS, OFFICE SUPPLIES,
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NORMAN & TAYLOR,
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RAAB & BOHMER,
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RODGERS & KRULL,
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SCHUPP & SCHMIDT MFG. CO.,
FURNITURE,
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622 Fourth Ave.

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DRY GOODS, ETC.,
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DEPARTMENT STORE,
335-341 Fourth Ave.

THALHEIMER & FRANK,
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TO RECEIVE COMMITTEE FROM CONGRESS.

MEANS MUCH TO LOUISVILLE.

As chairman of the Board of Trade committee, having charge of the arrangements for the reception of the Rivers and Harbors Committee of Congress, Senator Charles McNair, every effort to give the business men of the city a full realization of the importance of the visit. Louisville has been requested by the Ohio Valley Improvement Association to raise \$3,000 and many subscriptions have already been received by James F. Buckner, Jr., superintendent of the Board of Trade, but the interest has not been as general as was expected. The sum to be raised here is not only to pay for the local reception, but to defray a portion of the party's expense while on the river. It is pointed out that the cities along the Ohio river have been making efforts to get river improvements for years, and that the success has been limited because the Rivers and Harbors Committee is inclined to be conservative. This occasion will give the members of the committee an opportunity of seeing just what is needed, and it is urged that the business men should take pains to impress the members of the committee with the necessity of improvements here. Those who have taken part in the former efforts to get river appropriations look upon this trip as the greatest opportunity the cities of the Ohio valley have ever had, and one that they will not have again soon.

The last regular meeting of the present Board of Directors of the Commercial Club will be held to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at the city hall. The annual election is near at hand, when six new directors will be elected. A busy session is anticipated.

A little activity is reported in real estate circles at present, but the eyes of investors seem to have been particularly attracted lately to the property between Green and Walnut and Fifth and Center streets. Dr. A. C. Montenegro has recently made several large purchases in the neighborhood and the Burton-Whitney Company, which has been buying from Fifth to Center street, J. P. Boone has sold to E. L. Swearingen an entire plot of 51 acres in the same neighborhood. It is believed that the main reason for the property has not been improved and has been allowed to remain in a condition in which it did not bring the proper kind of revenue.

The first of a series of banquets to be given by the Life Insurance Agents' Association of Kentucky will be given at noon to-day in the "Red Room" at the Seaside Hotel. It will be an elaborate affair. Loren B. Williamson, president of the association, will preside, and several speakers will be on hand. Those present will be: C. T. Trueheart, J. W. Dell, L. B. Williamson, F. L. McKernan, B. L. Knowlton, H. J. Powell, T. L. Miller, J. W. Gayle, W. D. Mahoney, J. M. Johnson, J. L. Abrams, W. R. Noble, W. B. Pace, H. S. Sheldon, H. R.

Kendall, J. H. Lynch and J. C. Davidson.

Real Estate Transfers.

Lucy B. Speed to Susan B. McDermott, 40 feet, south side Ormsby, 39 feet west of Fourth, \$11,000.
Home Building Company to T. H. Holmbeck, 141 feet east of Twenty-ninth, \$18,000.
J. D. Pottinger to Anna B. May, 25 feet, south side Franklin, 78 feet west of Capitol, \$875.
C. C. Burdon to L. A. Burdon, 13 feet, north side K, 135 feet west of Fourth, \$950.
Simon N. Jones to Lizette Merkel, 10 feet, south side Sixth, 13 feet south of Grayson, \$850.

Samuel C. Lecher to Margaret Graham, 25 feet, south side Sixth, 200 feet south of K, \$500.
The Estate Company to K. L. Shinnick, 30 feet, east side Sixth, 150 feet south of K, \$500.

James Z. to G. P. Miller, east, south 10 feet of lot 10, north 30 feet of lot 11, block 4, Jefferson Heights, \$900, etc.

National Bank of Kentucky to J. M. Altherton, 62 acres, Jefferson county, 42 feet, south side K, 135 feet west of Fourth, \$950.

Fidelity Trust Company to A. W. Burt, 35 feet, east side Brook, 29 feet north of K, \$500.

E. L. Meyer to R. A. Kraft, 33 feet, east side Second, 84 feet west of Ormsby, \$5,000.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, May 1.—After a very active and excited session the cotton market sold down, but held a good part of its early gain. The session was active at an advance of 6 to 15 points on much higher bids than expected, active covering and further bull speculation. The market was closed higher and southern buyers were reported higher and more active.

Estimated receipts at the ports today 17,000 bales, against 24,000 last week and 6,000 last year. The week 140,000 bales, against 100,000 last week and 24,000 last year; to-day's receipts 14,000 bales, against 2,000 last week and 1,115 last year and at Houston 3,385, against 1,115 last week and 1,115 last year.

Spot cotton opened quiet, middling uplands 12 1/2, middling 12 1/4, good middling 12 1/4, and unchanged; sales 40,000 bales.

The following is a range of prices for future delivery at New York City:

MONTHLY: Open, High, Low, Close.
May: 7.95, 7.97, 7.92, 7.91.
June: 7.95, 7.97, 7.92, 7.91.
July: 7.95, 7.97, 7.92, 7.91.
August: 7.95, 7.97, 7.92, 7.91.
September: 7.95, 7.97, 7.92, 7.91.
October: 7.95, 7.97, 7.92, 7.91.
November: 7.95, 7.97, 7.92, 7.91.
December: 7.95, 7.97, 7.92, 7.91.

New Orleans, May 1.—Spot cotton quiet, but firm. Sales 500, including 100 to arrive and 400 to be shipped. 100 to be shipped 7 1/2, middling 7 1/2, good middling 7 1/2, and unchanged; sales 40,000 bales.

May 1.—Cotton firm; middling 12 1/2, good middling 12 1/4, and unchanged; sales 40,000 bales.

May 1.—Cotton firm; middling 12 1/2, good middling 12 1/4, and unchanged; sales 40,000 bales.

May 1.—Cotton firm; middling 12 1/2, good middling 12 1/4, and unchanged; sales 40,000 bales.

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May 1.—Cotton firm; middling 12 1/2, good middling 12 1/4, and unchanged; sales 40,000 bales.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

The following were the sales at the Stock Exchange morning call:

\$2,000 Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
\$1,000 Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
9 shares Louisville Gas Company. 148

Monday Evening, May 1.—The banks did a heavy outdoor business today, and tellers and clerks were kept working hard to handle it. The clearing for the day being unusually large. The borrowing inquiry was active. Prices were decidedly easier today, and the selling of the clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing: \$2,538,120.
Total: \$2,538,120.
Balance: \$2,538,120.

The local market shows marked hesitation and orders to buy or sell appear to be lacking in sufficient volume to create action. Prices are rather high, and this is one factor in the stagnation of business. Investors do not seem disposed to take profits in the absence of the tangible influence and the little selling that is going on usually meets with ready absorption, though lately at price concessions of a fraction or more. Home Telephone Co. was decidedly easier today, and declined on local offerings to 91 and interest, at which price it closed. The stock of Louisville Gas Co. was also easier, and declined on local offerings to 148 and interest, at which price it closed.

The bid and asked on Rochester Railway preferred stock was 113 and 114. The bid and asked on Louisville Gas Co. was 148 and 149. The bid and asked on Home Telephone Co. was 91 and 92.

The following are the latest bid and asked quotations made at the Stock Exchange:

Monday, May 1, 1935.

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Sales Morning Call.

The following were the sales at the Stock Exchange morning call:

\$2,000 Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
\$1,000 Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
9 shares Louisville Gas Company. 148

Monday Evening, May 1.—The banks did a heavy outdoor business today, and tellers and clerks were kept working hard to handle it. The clearing for the day being unusually large. The borrowing inquiry was active. Prices were decidedly easier today, and the selling of the clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing: \$2,538,120.
Total: \$2,538,120.
Balance: \$2,538,120.

The local market shows marked hesitation and orders to buy or sell appear to be lacking in sufficient volume to create action. Prices are rather high, and this is one factor in the stagnation of business. Investors do not seem disposed to take profits in the absence of the tangible influence and the little selling that is going on usually meets with ready absorption, though lately at price concessions of a fraction or more. Home Telephone Co. was decidedly easier today, and declined on local offerings to 91 and interest, at which price it closed. The stock of Louisville Gas Co. was also easier, and declined on local offerings to 148 and interest, at which price it closed.

The bid and asked on Rochester Railway preferred stock was 113 and 114. The bid and asked on Louisville Gas Co. was 148 and 149. The bid and asked on Home Telephone Co. was 91 and 92.

The following are the latest bid and asked quotations made at the Stock Exchange:

Monday, May 1, 1935.

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Sales Afternoon Call.

The following were the sales at the Stock Exchange afternoon call:

\$2,000 Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
\$1,000 Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
9 shares Louisville Gas Company. 148

Monday Evening, May 1.—The banks did a heavy outdoor business today, and tellers and clerks were kept working hard to handle it. The clearing for the day being unusually large. The borrowing inquiry was active. Prices were decidedly easier today, and the selling of the clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing: \$2,538,120.
Total: \$2,538,120.
Balance: \$2,538,120.

The local market shows marked hesitation and orders to buy or sell appear to be lacking in sufficient volume to create action. Prices are rather high, and this is one factor in the stagnation of business. Investors do not seem disposed to take profits in the absence of the tangible influence and the little selling that is going on usually meets with ready absorption, though lately at price concessions of a fraction or more. Home Telephone Co. was decidedly easier today, and declined on local offerings to 91 and interest, at which price it closed. The stock of Louisville Gas Co. was also easier, and declined on local offerings to 148 and interest, at which price it closed.

The bid and asked on Rochester Railway preferred stock was 113 and 114. The bid and asked on Louisville Gas Co. was 148 and 149. The bid and asked on Home Telephone Co. was 91 and 92.

The following are the latest bid and asked quotations made at the Stock Exchange:

Monday, May 1, 1935.

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

Home Telephone Co. 91 1/2
Louisville Railway Co. 23 1/2
Louisville Gas Co. 148

the bear account, which is now large. One of the features was the heavy buying of stocks for foreign account. The Norton & Co. to J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—The market was supported at the opening, and was fairly strong in the first hour this morning. The time advanced to a steady and moderate advance. The buying in the market was chiefly for the short account, and although the apprehension of trouble is still a great concern, the confidence of the public is steadily being improved to buy stocks until there is clearing in the financial sky. For the present it looks as if the situation is about over, but an irregular market is expected for a while. The prospect for support in the market, aside from buying by the shorts, is rather dubious, but it is not heavy selling develops the market will probably move into a trading position with a narrow range. We do not advise heavy buying of stocks, but only on a turn.—A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgford & Co.

New York.—The selling pressure on Union Pacific and the various pools was removed. The fact was, however, a big short account, which were compelled to cover at intervals during the session and caused an erratic rally. The fact was, however, a big short account, which were compelled to cover at intervals during the session and caused an erratic rally. The fact was, however, a big short account, which were compelled to cover at intervals during the session and caused an erratic rally.

New York.—The market closed sharply higher. The opening showed prices advanced, unchanged from where they stood at the close of the day. The market was strong, and the advance was sharp, steady and persistent, with the closing being very cheerful than we have had for some time. The fact that all the dreadful things that were mentioned for this morning did not in any way materialize, gave strength to the situation and forced upward covering. The market has had a great big break, and with clear financial atmosphere some further speculative rally may be looked for.—Goldsmith, Wolf & Lyons.

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STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, May 1.—Money on call firm at 9 1/2 per cent; closing bid 9 1/2; offered at 9 3/4; time money steady; 60 days, 90 days and six months 8 1/2 per cent; prime mercantile paper 3 1/2 to 4 1/2.

Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.80 to \$4.85 for demand and at \$4.85 to \$4.90 for 30 days; gold exchange \$4.80 to \$4.85; bar silver 50 1/2; Mexican 40 1/2; Government bonds steady. Railroads firm.

Today's stock market was a striking demonstration of the power of the market to overcome all obstacles to a steady advance. The market was strong, and the advance was sharp, steady and persistent, with the closing being very cheerful than we have had for some time. The fact that all the dreadful things that were mentioned for this morning did not in any way materialize, gave strength to the situation and forced upward covering. The market has had a great big break, and with clear financial atmosphere some further speculative rally may be looked for.—Goldsmith, Wolf & Lyons.

The events of today prove that the precautionary measures which resulted were not so abundantly effective as they seemed. The market was strong, and the advance was sharp, steady and persistent, with the closing being very cheerful than we have had for some time. The fact that all the dreadful things that were mentioned for this morning did not in any way materialize, gave strength to the situation and forced upward covering. The market has had a great big break, and with clear financial atmosphere some further speculative rally may be looked for.—Goldsmith, Wolf & Lyons.

A great many calls went out to customers from various sources, and the market was strong, and the advance was sharp, steady and persistent, with the closing being very cheerful than we have had for some time. The fact that all the dreadful things that were mentioned for this morning did not in any way materialize, gave strength to the situation and forced upward covering. The market has had a great big break, and with clear financial atmosphere some further speculative rally may be looked for.—Goldsmith, Wolf & Lyons.

None of the whippers of money troubles which circulated freely on Saturday was confirmed by events today. The market was strong, and the advance was sharp, steady and persistent, with the closing being very cheerful than we have had for some time. The fact that all the dreadful things that were mentioned for this morning did not in any way materialize, gave strength to the situation and forced upward covering. The market has had a great big break, and with clear financial atmosphere some further speculative rally may be looked for.—Goldsmith, Wolf & Lyons.

After the urgent demand from the shorts had been satisfied, the market became more quiet, and showed a disposition to await developments. The market was strong, and the advance was sharp, steady and persistent, with the closing being very cheerful than we have had for some time. The fact that all the dreadful things that were mentioned for this morning did not in any way materialize, gave strength to the situation and forced upward covering. The market has had a great big break, and with clear financial atmosphere some further speculative rally may be looked for.—Goldsmith, Wolf & Lyons.

Reports of near earnings of railroads for March showed some important increases, such as for Union Pacific 26 per cent, St. Paul 12 per cent, Illinois Central 16 per cent, and Colorado and Southern 14 per cent. The market was strong, and the advance was sharp, steady and persistent, with the closing being very cheerful than we have had for some time. The fact that all the dreadful things that were mentioned for this morning did not in any way materialize, gave strength to the situation and forced upward covering. The market has had a great big break, and with clear financial atmosphere some further speculative rally may be looked for.—Goldsmith, Wolf & Lyons.

Bank Clearings. St. Louis, May 1.—(Special).—Clearings \$10,000,000. Balance \$10,000,000. Cash \$10,000,000. New York exchange \$10,000,000. Discount \$10,000,000.

Detroit, May 1.—(Special).—Clearings \$10,000,000. Balance \$10,000,000. Cash \$10,000,000. New York exchange \$10,000,000. Discount \$10,000,000.

Cincinnati, May 1.—(Special).—Clearings \$10,000,000. Balance \$10,000,000. Cash \$10,000,000. New York exchange \$10,000,000. Discount \$10,000,000.

Memphis, May 1.—(Special).—Clearings \$10,000,000. Balance \$10,000,000. Cash \$10,000,000. New York exchange \$10,000,000. Discount \$10,000,000.

Chicago, May 1.—(Special).—Clearings \$10,000,000. Balance \$10,000,000. Cash \$10,000,000. New York exchange \$10,000,000. Discount \$10,000,000.

New Orleans, May 1.—(Special).—Clearings \$10,000,000. Balance \$10,000,000. Cash \$10,000,000. New York exchange \$10,000,000. Discount \$10,000,000.

St. Paul, May 1.—(Special).—Clearings \$10,000,000. Balance \$10,000,000. Cash \$10,000,000. New York exchange \$10,000,000. Discount \$10,000,000.

	Sales	High	Low	Chg.
Adm. Serv.	100	100	100	0
Am. Can.	1,445	268	120	230
Am. Express	3,000	227	120	100
Am. Tel. & Tel.	1,000	131	100	30
Am. Tobacco	100	100	100	0
Am. Wire & Cable	100	100	100	0
Am. Zinc & Lead	100	100	100	0
Am. Iron & Steel	100	100	100	0
Am. Coal	100	100	100	0
Am. Oil	100	100	100	0
Am. Gas	100	100	100	0
Am. Electric	100	100	100	0
Am. Chemical	100	100	100	0
Am. Paper	100	100	100	0
Am. Textile	100	100	100	0
Am. Lumber	100	100	100	0
Am. Furniture	100	100	100	0
Am. Food	100	100	100	0
Am. Clothing	100	100	100	0
Am. Shoes	100	100	100	0
Am. Hats	100	100	100	0
Am. Jewelry	100	100	100	0
Am. Watches	100	100	100	0
Am. Clocks	100	100	100	0
Am. Toys	100	100	100	0
Am. Games	100	100	100	0
Am. Books	100	100	100	0
Am. Magazines	100	100	100	0
Am. Newspapers	100	100	100	0
Am. Periodicals	100	100	100	0
Am. Stationery	100	100	100	0
Am. Printing	100	100	100	0
Am. Bookbinding	100	100	100	0
Am. Paperhanging	100	100	100	0
Am. Carpentry	100	100	100	0
Am. Joinery	100	100	100	0
Am. Painting	100	100	100	0
Am. Plastering	100	100	100	0
Am. Bricklaying	100	100	100	0
Am. Stonemasonry	100	100	100	0
Am. Roofing	100	100	100	0
Am. Siding	100	100	100	0
Am. Flooring	100	100	100	0
Am. Wallpapering	100	100	100	0
Am. Drapery	100	100	100	0
Am. Upholstery	100	100	100	0
Am. Millinery	100	100	100	0
Am. Tailoring	100	100	100	0
Am. Shoemaking	100	100	100	0
Am. Hatter	100	100	100	0
Am. Jeweler	100	100	100	0
Am. Watchmaker	100	100	100	0
Am. Clockmaker	100	100	100	0
Am. Toy Maker	100	100	100	0
Am. Game Maker	100	100	100	0
Am. Bookbinder	100	100	100	0
Am. Stationer	100	100	100	0
Am. Printer	100	100	100	0
Am. Bookbinder	100	100	100	0
Am. Paperhanger	100	100	100	0
Am. Carpenter	100	100	100	0
Am. Joiner	100	100	100	0
Am. Painter	100	100	100	0
Am. Plasterer	100	100	100	0
Am. Bricklayer	100	100	100	0
Am. Stonemason	100	100	100	0
Am. Roofer	100	100	100	0
Am. Sider	100	100	100	0
Am. Floorer	100	100	100	0
Am. Wallpaperer	100	100	100	0
Am. Draper	100	100	100	0
Am. Upholsterer	100	100	100	0
Am. Milliner	100	100	100	0
Am. Tailor	100	100	100	0
Am. Shoemaker	100	100	100	0
Am. Hatter	100	100	100	0
Am. Jeweler	100	100	100	0
Am. Watchmaker	100	100	100	0
Am. Clockmaker	100	100	100	0
Am. Toy Maker	100	100	100	0
Am. Game Maker	100	100	100	0
Am. Bookbinder	100	100	100	0
Am. Stationer	100	100	100	0
Am. Printer	100	100	100	0
Am. Bookbinder	100	100	100	0
Am. Paperhanger	100	100	100	0
Am. Carpenter	100	100	100	0
Am. Joiner	100	100	100	0
Am. Painter	100	100	100	0
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Am. Stonemason	100	100	100	0
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Am. Draper	100	100	100	0
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Am. Milliner	100	100	100	0
Am. Tailor	100	100	100	0
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Am. Printer	100	100	100	0
Am. Bookbinder	100	100	100	0
Am. Paperhanger	100	100	100	0
Am. Carpenter	100	100	100	0
Am. Joiner	100	100	100	0
Am. Painter	100	100	100	0
Am. Plasterer	100	100	100	0
Am. Bricklayer	100	100	100	0
Am. Stonemason	100	100	100	0
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Am. Watchmaker	100	100	100	0
Am. Clockmaker	100	100	100	0
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White Soft Shirts

50c to \$3.50

The 50c ones are made of all-over self-figure madras; plain or plaited bosoms; without cuffs.

Then there's our Levy's Special \$1 line—three for \$2.75. Madras, cambric and linette cloth; plain or plaited bosoms; attached or detached cuffs.

And imported Madras, Leno weaves and pure Irish linen shirts; E. & W. and fine line makes; regular and cost styles; cuffs attached or detached—\$1.50 to \$3.50.

Such a showing of fine white soft shirts we never made before—and we'd like all the men to see 'em. Those who can't come may order by mail.

Levy's Third and Market.

Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY.....MAY 2, 1905

GAMBLING

Subject of Judge Pryor's Charge to Grand Jury.

URGES ACTION IF NECESSARY.

REMARKS BEAR UPON CRAPS, POOLROOMS AND ELECTION FRAUDS.

LOTTERIES ALSO MENTIONED.

Upon organization of the May grand jury in the Criminal Court yesterday Judge Pryor delivered elaborate instructions on the subject of gambling, poolrooms, lotteries and election frauds, all of which he advised should be made the subject of close investigation by the new grand jury. The usual statutory charges were also given upon trusts, sale of liquor to minors, child labor law, etc. Michael Muldoon was appointed foreman.

In addressing himself to the question of gambling Judge Pryor said that the last grand jury had found this infraction of the law rampant in the city. It consisted, according to the evidence brought out, especially of crap shooting, and as a result several indictments were returned. He quoted the statute against suffering gaming on premises under which the indictments were returned. He furthermore called attention to the section of the law which provides that if a saloonkeeper is found guilty of this offense he shall, besides being fined, forfeit his license and be thereafter deprived forever of going into the business.

Higher Penalty Necessary.

"The average keeper of such games," said Judge Pryor, "will pay but little attention to the fine, which is from \$200 to \$500 for each offense. He will simply come into court, plead guilty, pay his fine and go on with his operations. Therefore, every effort should be made to indict such persons as saloonkeepers where the evidence justifies it. However, if there be any doubt as to whether the operator is a saloonkeeper, then the offender should be indicted under the statute which makes it a misdemeanor to keep a place for gaming, so that he may be punished so far as possible.

"Unfortunately, this State has no statute against the operation of poolrooms, but the persons conducting them can be indicted for maintaining a nuisance. Since I have been upon the bench in this court several such indictments have been returned, but in no instance has the evidence been strong enough to secure a conviction or allow the cases to go to the jury. Employees cannot be reached under this charge. So it is your duty in making your investigations to make every effort to fix the ownership of the poolrooms thus in question definitely upon some one.

"We have in this court indicted, tried and convicted several unfortunate negroes for vending lottery tickets, but I feel that they are merely the tools in the hands of some unscrupulous white men who now are free and unmolested while these poor negroes suffer. Therefore, investigate closely into the lottery charges so that the real operators may be brought to justice."

The question of election frauds was then taken up and discussed at length. The court read nearly every section of the Kentucky statutes bearing upon this subject. He called attention to the fact that a Democratic primary had recently been held, and that if there grand jury should make a close and searching investigation and return indictments accordingly. Special reference was made to "any receivers or ringers" which may have been employed by persons interested in that event. Judge Pryor observed that it was the right of every good citizen to cast his ballot and have it fairly and honestly counted.

Personnel of Jury.

The grand jury is composed as follows: Michael Muldoon, foreman. H. P. Reager, J. Mattnuller, John D. Otter, William H. Scott, John H. Gilliland, M. C. Lanahan, W. H. Winkler, G. G. Bresot, F. T. Gilmore, Owen Gathright, Henry S. Gray.

Collected Nearly a Million.

The internal revenue collections of the Fifth district of Kentucky for the month of April were \$284,967.56, which is a decrease of \$98,847.76, as compared with the collections for the same period of last year. The decrease was occasioned by the falling off in the collections on whiskey. The collections for the month are distributed as follows: List, \$144,600; beer, \$25,000; whiskey, \$65,600; cigars, \$11,007.52; special tax, \$1,678.03; bottling stamps, \$1,022.

DENIALS

Of Liability In Many Back Tax Suits.

SEVERAL JUDGMENTS PAID.

MRS. HOLLENKAMP SUES LANDLORD FOR ALLEGED ASSAULT.

THREE MURDER INDICTMENTS.

More than 300 pending back tax suits were called in the County Court yesterday, and answers were filed to the following:

Bonnie Bros. deny \$22,000 omitted personally for five years and confessed to \$7,000.

Kentucky and Indiana Bridge and Railroad Company denies any omission. George Long denies owing any omission, than \$25,000 worth of property, upon which he has paid taxes.

Stitzel Bros. and Philip Stitzel deny any omission.

American Seeding Machine Company denies owing taxes on \$50,000 worth of omitted personally.

Mrs. Moses Kohler denies owing taxes on \$50,000 omitted valuation.

E. K. Pennebaker, administrator of Warren Mitchell estate, denies the \$15,000 recovered from the Government on a war claim is taxable.

Moses S. Kohler denies omission of \$50,000 of property.

National Lead Company denies omission of \$50,000 worth of property.

C. C. Stoll Oil Company denies omission of \$50,000 worth of property.

M. Paschinger denies omission of \$50,000 of property.

The following confessed judgment: D. Sachs & Son, \$18.52.

Kentucky Jeans Clothing Company on \$5,000 of omitted personally.

E. H. Debeauchamp, on omitted personally ranging from \$2,500 to \$6,000 a year for five years.

Henrietta D. White, on \$9,000 omitted personally for two years.

Ella G. Bartlett, on \$5,000 valuation for five years.

Sharkey Case Continued.

Trial of the \$40,000 damage suit of Patrick J. Sharkey against R. W. Knott and the Evening Post Company for alleged libel in the "Mysterious Red" letters, was continued until November 27 yesterday at the suggestion of Judge Gordon, in whose court the case had been docketed. Attorneys on both sides concurred in this arrangement. Both court and counsel, after informally talking the matter over, reached the conclusion that it would be best to await the decision of the Court of Appeals in the criminal case against the same defendants, which resulted below in a joint \$500 fine. Identical law questions are involved in both cases, and continuance was granted in order to allow sufficient time for the decision by the higher court.

Asks Damages Charging Assault.

Mrs. Tillie Hollenkamp in a suit for \$5,000 damages against Anton Deistler, her landlord, charged serious charges of assault. The petition says that the defendant "wrongfully and unlawfully seized her by the shoulders, arms and body and forcibly jerked and pulled her about and toward him, thereby greatly frightening, humiliating and injuring her." The plaintiff's attorney says that Mrs. Hollenkamp and her husband are tenants of the defendant, who is an employee of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company. It is claimed that he had gone to their home to collect the rent when the alleged assault occurred. Hollenkamp was away at the time.

Report of Grand Jury.

The grand jury returned the following report, and adjourned until this morning: Willful murder, Simon Adams, George Smith and Charles Williams. Keeping a disorderly house, Myrtle Price.

Grand larceny, Harry Ross.

Robbery, Marietta Johnson. Adams, who is a negro, shot and killed Jordan Harbes, alias Alabama, alias Himes, colored. Smith and Williams, both negro boys, are charged with having assaulted and stabbed to death Joe Meyers at Brook and Market streets in April. The Meyers boy died of peritonitis several days afterward.

New Trial of H. R. Hundley.

H. R. Hundley, who was recently convicted of seduction of Hettie Gordon and given a year in the penitentiary, was granted a new trial yesterday by Judge Pryor. The principal ground for asking rehearing of the case was the discovery of new evidence by the defense which had not come to light at the time of the previous trial. Hundley is a married man with three children. Until his arrest he had been a medical student and a collector.

Court Paragraphs.

In the case of Lynn Vanarsdall against the Louisville Railway Company for \$2,000 damages upon the charge that a conductor ejected him from a Fourth-avenue car, a verdict was rendered for the defendant in Judge Field's court.

A. J. Blot, Revenue Agent, sued John R. Pirle for five years' back taxes claimed due on \$50,000 worth of alleged omitted personally.

Matilda Diehl, by her will dated October 9, 1902, and probated yesterday, leaves \$5 to each of her six brothers and two sisters. The rest of the property goes to Mary Diehl, a sister, who is named executrix without bond.

O. G. Holt, as trustee in bankruptcy for Robert L. Halley, sued William C. Halley and wife to recover interest in real estate at Twenty-first and Jefferson streets, alleged to have been conveyed by the defendant to his brother.

Leo Prater was given a divorce by Judge Kirby from Elizabeth Prater on the charge of abandonment. They were married in October, 1884.

Charles Klenner, sued Andrew Klenner for \$123.50, claimed for services and rent.

A verdict was rendered for the defendant in the case of Nathan Sarver, colored, against the Louisville Railway Company, tried before Special Judge Burgess in Judge O'Doherty's court. The plaintiff was injured in a collision between his car and a wagon.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Ross vs. McGrath's administrator, etc.—Filed April 12, 1905.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Jefferson Circuit Court. Second Chancery Division. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Hobson, affirming.

First Warning Order—Substance: Affidavit—Where the affidavit for a warning order was made on the 27th of January following, the delay of three days was not to be presumed in the absence of proof to the contrary that a resident of Chicago who was at some on the former date should be in this State on the latter date.

Second—Tax Claim—Purchase of Land Under Sale—As Overbinder, a creditor of Margaret McGrath, in this action to set her estate, did not set up his tax claim, the presumption is that he purchased the property for the protection of

his claim as mortgagee, and as the sale was made within two years after the tax sale, his rights were barred before the expiration of the two years allowed for redemption and the fee simple vested in him at no time under the statute; and a judgment having his right is equally conclusive upon his wife because if the title did not vest in him she had no potential right of dower.

Wallace & Miller, Chandler & Norman appellants, Matt O'Doherty, J. L. Woodbury for appellee.

Trimble vs. Swinford—Filed April 20, 1905.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Livingston Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Paynter, affirming.

The evidence upon this appeal, examined and held to support the judgment, which is therefore affirmed. It was the province of the jury to pass upon the evidence, and if it was at all, it was not so flagrantly against the weight of the evidence as to authorize the granting of a new trial.

W. A. Clarke for appellant; C. H. Wilson, C. C. Grubb for appellee.

Hardley, etc., vs. Town of Mt. Eden, etc.—Filed April 14, 1905.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Shelby Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Paynter, affirming.

First—Cities and Towns—Ordinances—Extension of Limits—An ordinance enacted by a Board of Town Trustees providing for the extension of the town limits one-third of a mile from the public well, a certain corner in each direction of the compass, is sufficiently definite, and the criticism that it is not, is not, but the beginning point may be assumed to be the center of the well.

Second—Time of Pleading—Permitting the answer to be filed in this action after the expiration of twenty days was in the discretion of the court.

Willie—Agreement as to disposition of property devised—Where Allard was devised by his father the latter's estate, but under an agreement a contest of the will should be disposed of by consent that it should be established and he should convey the one-half of the estate to two grand children, which he did, an action upon his death by his wife to have dower in the lands thus conveyed cannot be maintained for the reason that under the agreement the land and property one-half for himself and one-half for the contestants, the purpose of the agree-

ment being not only to settle the will contest, but to obtain a division of the land, and under it he merely held the one-half in which dower is claimed as trustee and therefore his widow was not entitled to a right of dower in that part of the estate.

C. M. Fouts, E. H. Puryear, R. L. Lightfoot for Appellant; Bagby & Martin, Bloomfield & Crice, for Appellee.

L. and N. R. R. Co. vs. Carter, Filed April 23, 1905.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Boyle Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice Hobson, reversing.

First—Railroads—Instructions—Upon the trial of this action which was an action for damages for an alleged closing of appellee's passway, an instruction which directed the jury if they found that by using the time that appellee had used the passway with that with which it had been used by her husband it had been used for fifteen years before it was obstructed by appellant, they would find for her in such sum as would compensate her for such trouble, annoyance and inconvenience resulting from the maintenance of the fence, was misleading and they should have been instructed that the measure of damages was the diminution of the value of the use of her house and land during the time the obstruction was maintained, and that such recovery was limited to that measure.

Second—Same—Evidence of Rental Value—Evidence offered upon the trial by appellee of the rental value of the property should have been allowed, for by it the jury might have been able to determine how far the value of the use of the property had been diminished by the obstruction.

Third—Same—Conduct of Attorney in Argument—Upon the trial in the lower court in this action against appellant for damages for closing of appellee's passway, the statement of her attorney that "a more deliberate and barefaced attempt to steal this case from the jury's eyes was never seen," and against that "after the passing of the case for nine months they sneaked back and fixed gates," and again "a more high-handed scaling of a widow's passway was never perpetrated," was improper and calculated to prejudice the jury and should not have been allowed.

C. R. McDowell, Chennault Huggins, R. D. Warfield for appellant; J. W. Rawlings, Robert Harding for appellee.

Reduced Rates—Lexington Rates. On Capt. S. S. Brown day, May 3, the Louisville and Nashville will sell round-trip tickets to Lexington at \$2.40 each, good returning same day. May or Granger's special train will leave Lexington, South Broadway, 8:15 a. m., and will leave Lexington returning 7 p. m.

A Leader
\$9.75
Covert
Jacket



Special offer to out-of-town customers this week. The above figure gives choice of about 65 handsomely tailored Spring Jackets, in tan covert and black broadcloth. They approximate the accompanying picture in general appearance, some exactly like it. They are the topmost little coats ever put on the market, and their usual selling price ranges up to \$14.50.

Free Trip to Louisville.
Low excursion rate tickets can be purchased Wednesday, good returning Thursday. In shopping with your round-trip fare will be paid in cash, as we are members of the Retail Merchants' Association. Read their ad. on another page of this paper, and shop at Kentucky's famous garment store without the cost of railroad fare.

Besten Wagon
All Wrought Steel Split Pulley.
LIGHT, STRONG, SAFE.
GRIPS SHAFT PERFECTLY.
EASILY APPLIED.
Will not shrink, warp or burn.
Usual sizes in stock.
Complete line of supplies for mills, mines and factories.

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De-lighted
is what the PRESIDENT said.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

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IT PLACES THE WORLD'S LITERATURE OF MUSIC AT YOUR COMMAND.

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SCIENTIFIC FEATURES OF CONSTRUCTION CONTAINED IN NO OTHER.
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It would be a pleasure to us to have you come in and look at the nice things we have just received in Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, etc. We take pleasure in showing them. If your watch has not done its duty, let us put it in perfect order; we know how. We can also test your eyes and furnish you with a pair of perfect-fitting glasses that will give you great relief.

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WINTERSMITH'S CURE FOR CHILLS.

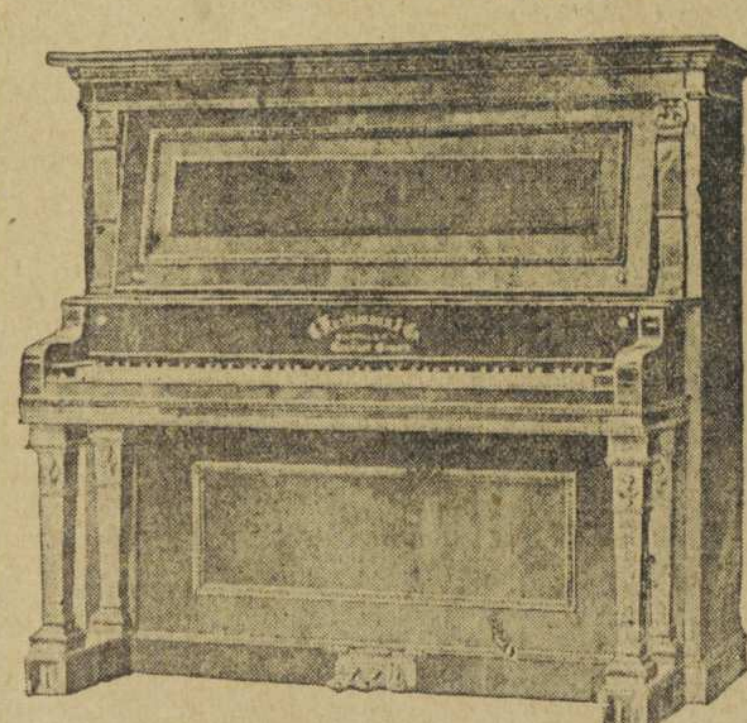
ONE WEEK MORE

OF OUR GREAT SALE OF PIANOS

Our stupendous sale is coming to a close. It has exceeded all expectations. It seemed a big undertaking to dispose of 150 Pianos in 25 days, but we made such STARTLING REDUCTIONS that we have already disposed of more than half of them. We now propose to sell the rest. We realize that even further reductions must be made, but we are determined to sell this stock

REGARDLESS OF PROFIT.

Look at a Few of the Specials We Offer This Week:



Steinway Baby Grand, Ebony case; \$435
cost new \$900, now.....

Rare opportunity for artist, school or teacher.

Kurtzmann \$450 style; beautiful Mahogany case; very choice instrument; slightly scratched in transportation; reduced to..... **\$318**

Chickering Large size; Mahogany case; fine condition; rare chance **\$238**
for anyone desiring a Chickering.....

Kurtzmann choice \$350 Mahogany upright, used; big bargain at..... **\$218**

Weber a great bargain in this celebrated old make; small size only **\$167**

Chickering medium size; Rosewood case..... **\$195**

Decker & Son upright, second-hand..... **\$135**

Weser Bros. upright; fair condition..... **\$110**

SQUARE PIANOS

We are crowded for room and offer six square pianos at almost your own prices—\$10, \$20, \$30, \$40 and \$50 each—\$5 cash and \$3 per month.

NEW KURTZMANN PIANOS

Our immense purchase of nearly 100 Kurtzmans—the entire finished product of the great Kurtzmann factory—for \$26,035 Spot Cash, enables us to offer low prices that will never again be equaled. This is an opportunity of a lifetime

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2 United States Senators of Kentucky,
7 United States Representatives from Kentucky,
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